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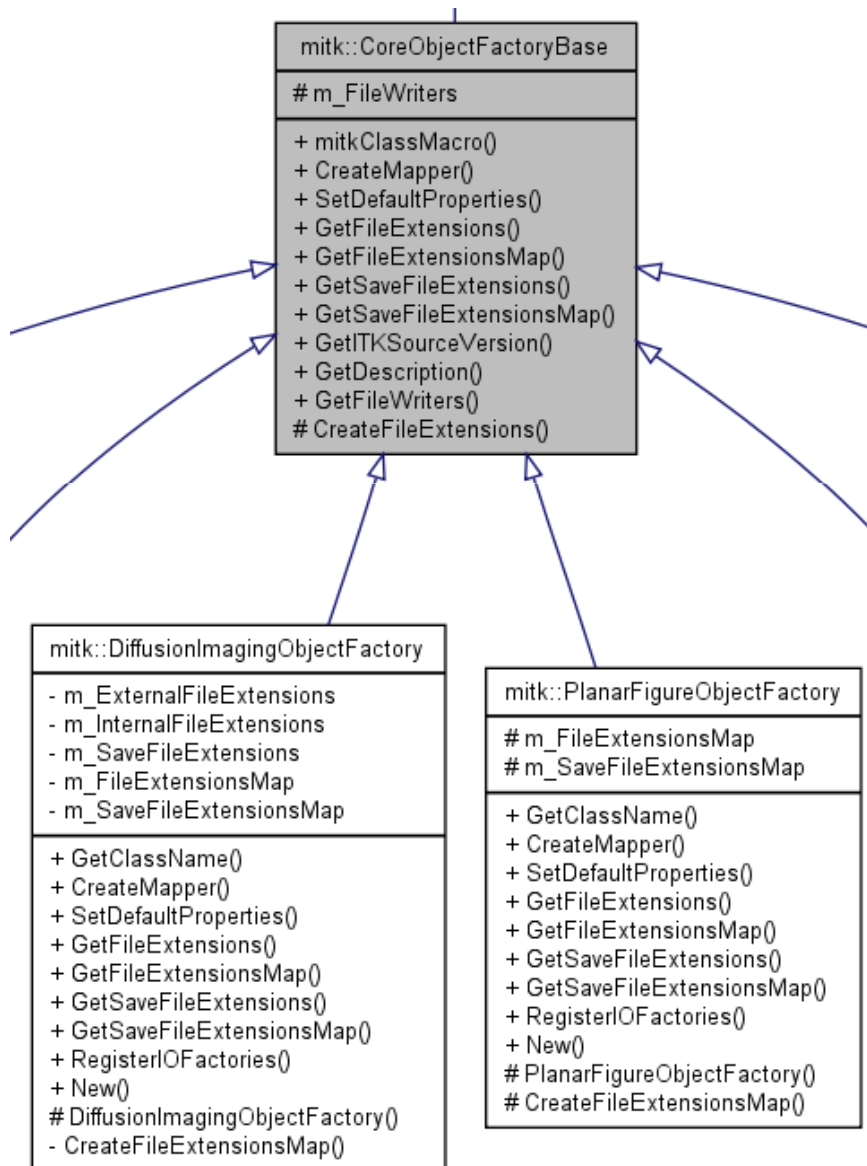
MITK Datatypes



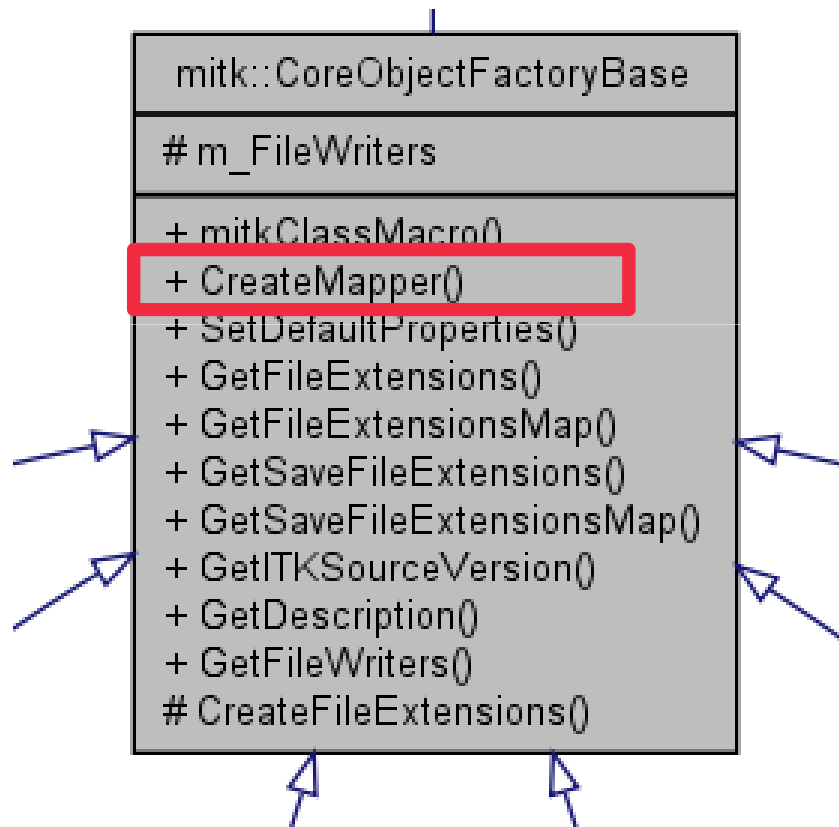
GERMAN
CANCER RESEARCH CENTER
IN THE HELMHOLTZ ASSOCIATION

- MITK core allows modular extension
 - Datatypes
 - Readers/Writers
 - Mappers

OBJECT FACTORIES

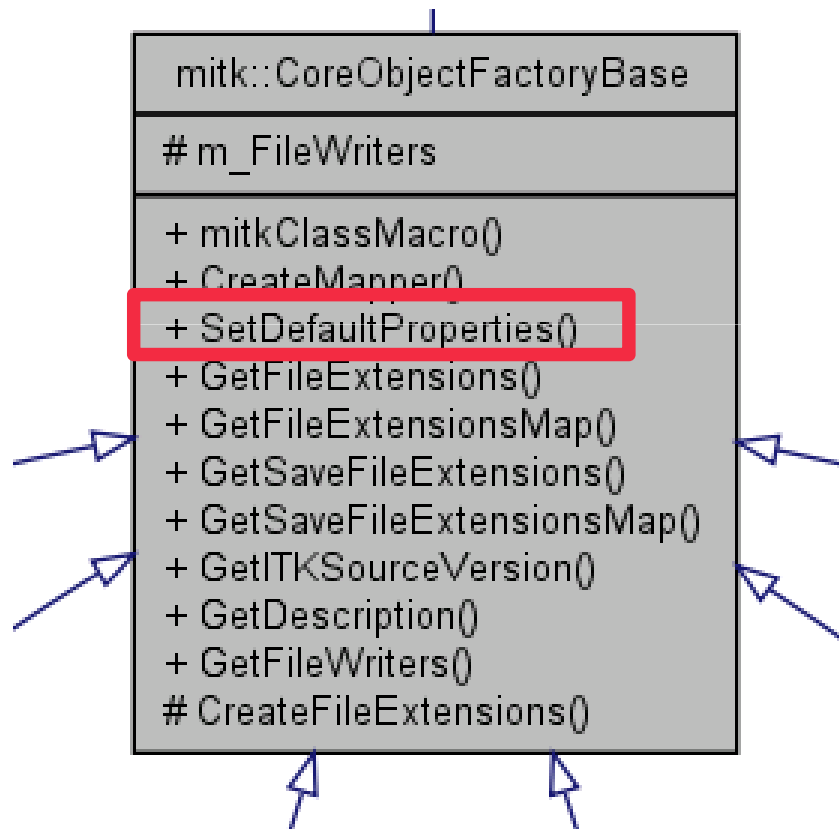


- Each Module that introduces datatypes has ONE of these
- Registers reader and writer factories for each datatype
- Hold a list of filewriters, usually one for each datatype
- Registers itself in the CoreObjectFactory as extra-factory

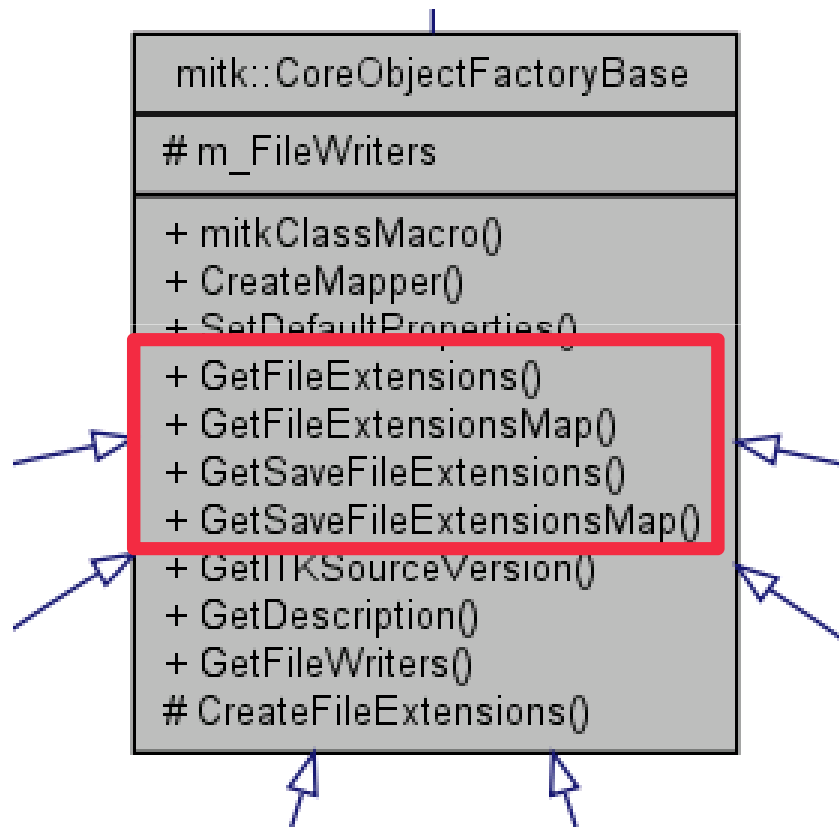


- Virtual (must override)
- Creates and returns the right mapper for a given datanode and a given Mapper-Slot-ID

```
if ( id == mitk::BaseRenderer::Standard2D )
{
    std::string classname("QBallImage");
    if(node->GetData() &&
        classname.compare(node->GetData()->GetNameOfClass())==0)
    {
        newMapper =
        mitk::CompositeMapper::New();
        newMapper->SetDataNode(node);
        node->SetMapper(3,
            ((CompositeMapper*)newMapper.GetPointer())
            ->GetImageMapper());
    }
}
```



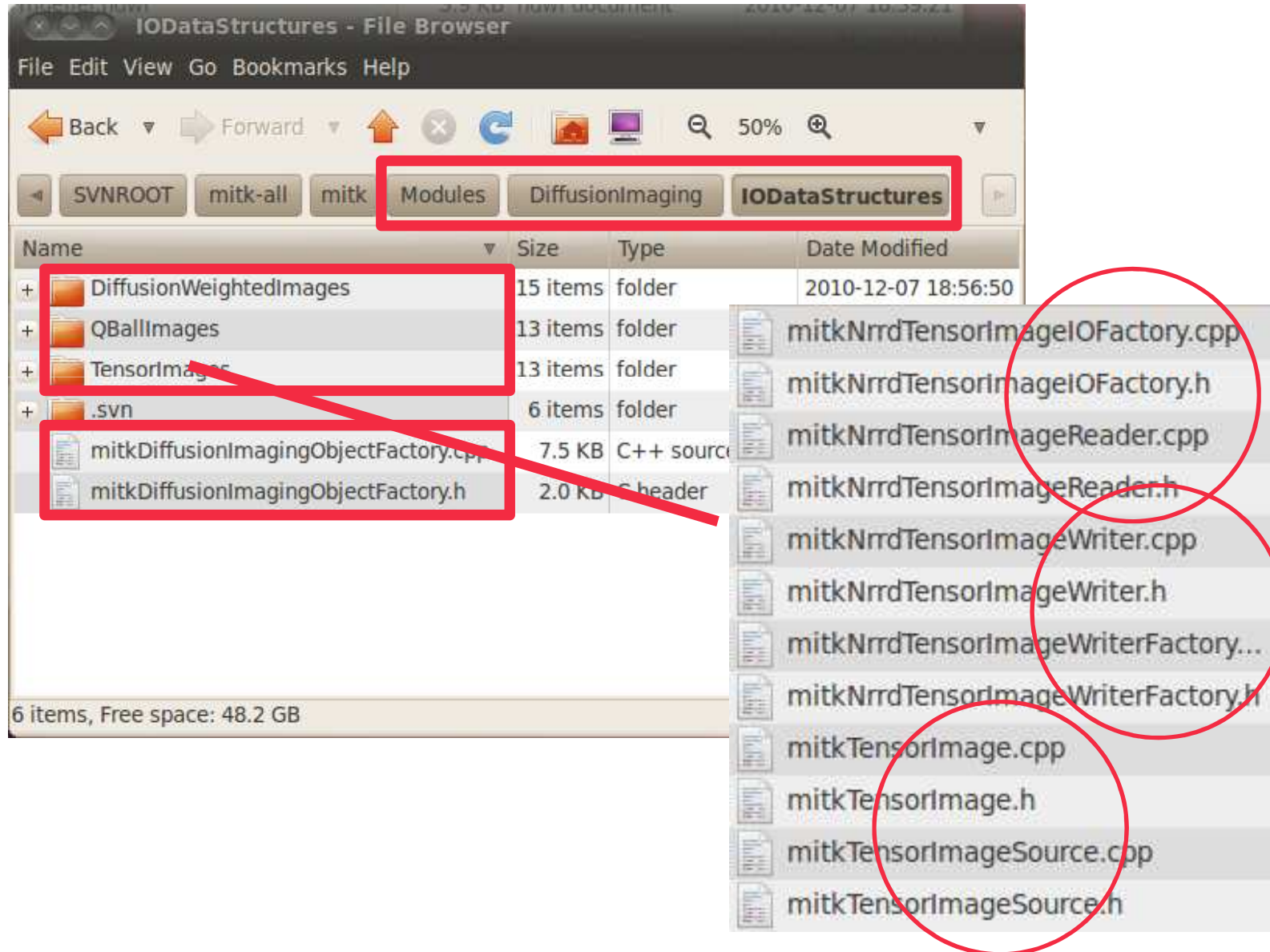
- Virtual (must override)
- Sets properties for a given node
- Usually just passes the call to the responsible mappers who know their required properties



- Virtual (must override)
- Supported file extensions that correspond to the introduced datatypes

FOR EACH DATATYPE ...

Defining a new datatype



```
class MitkDiffusionImaging_EXPORT NrrdDiffusionImageIOFactory : public itk::ObjectFactoryBase {
public:
    /** Not shown: Standard class typedefs. */
    /** Class methods used to interface with the registered factories. */
    virtual const char* GetITKSourceVersion(void) const;
    virtual const char* GetDescription(void) const;
    /** class instantiation and type information. */
    itkFactorylessNewMacro(Self);
    static NrrdDiffusionImageIOFactory* FactoryNew() { return new NrrdDiffusionImageIOFactory;}
    itkTypeMacro(NrrdDiffusionImageIOFactory, ObjectFactoryBase);

    /** Register one factory of this type */
    static void RegisterOneFactory(void) {
        static bool IsRegistered = false;
        if ( !IsRegistered ) {
            NrrdQBallImageIOFactory::Pointer fac = NrrdQBallImageIOFactory::New();
            ObjectFactoryBase::RegisterFactory( fac );
            IsRegistered = true;
        }
    }
    /** not shown: protected constructor/destructor */
};
```

```
NrrdTensorImageIOFactory::NrrdTensorImageIOFactory()
{
  this->RegisterOverride(
    "mitkIOAdapter",
    "mitkNrrdTensorImageReader",
    „TensorImages IO“,
    1,
    itk::CreateObjectFunction<IOAdapter< NrrdTensorImageReader> >::New()
  );
}
```

```
NrrdTensorImageWriterFactory::NrrdTensorImageWriterFactory()  
{  
  this->RegisterOverride(  
    "IOWriter",  
    "NrrdTensorImageWriter",  
    "NrrdTensorImage Writer",  
    1,  
    itk::CreateObjectFunction< mitk::NrrdTensorImageWriter >::New()  
  );  
}
```

FRAMEWORK VIEW OF THINGS

- How the framework accesses the registered writers?

```
mitk::CoreObjectFactory::FileWriterList fileWriters =  
    mitk::CoreObjectFactory::GetInstance()->GetFileWriters();
```

```
bool writerFound = false;
```

```
for (mitk::CoreObjectFactory::FileWriterList::iterator it =  
    fileWriters.begin() ;  
    it != fileWriters.end() ; ++it) {  
    if ( (*it)->CanWriteDataType(data) ) {  
        writerFound = true;  
        SaveToFileWriter(*it, data, NULL, aFileName);  
        /* ... */  
    }  
}
```

- How the framework accesses the registered readers?

```
std::list<LightObject::Pointer> allobjects =
    itk::ObjectFactoryBase::CreateAllInstance("mitkIOAdapter");

for( std::list<IOAdapterBase::Pointer>::iterator k = possibleIOAdapter.begin();
      k != possibleIOAdapter.end(); ++k ) {
    if((*k)->CanReadFile(path, filePrefix, filePattern) )
    {
        BaseProcess::Pointer ioObject =
            (*k)->CreateIOProcessObject(path, prefix, pattern);
        ioObject->Update();
        BaseData::Pointer baseData =
            dynamic_cast<BaseData*>(ioObject->GetOutputs()[0].GetPointer());
    }
}
```

- What about the following factories?
 - **QMCoreObjectFactory**
 - **SBCoreObjectFactory**
 - **CoreExtObjectFactory**
- Same as previous example:
 - They Register all datatypes belonging to QM, SB, or extended Core
 - Workaround to include the old factory hierarchy in the new modular system
 - Should be replaced by smaller object factories that register datatypes for different topics

MODULE ACTIVATION

- Activation of modules so far only possible by Bundles that actually require the module
- To register the datatypes early enough, we need an activator bundle that starts together with the framework

Manifest-Version: 1.0

Bundle-Name: MBI DiffusionImaging

Bundle-SymbolicName: org.mitk.diffusionimaging

...

Bundle-Activator: mitk::DiffusionImagingActivator

Bundle-ActivationPolicy: eager

```
void mitk::DiffusionImagingActivator::Start(berry::IBundleContext::Pointer /*ctx*/)
{
    RegisterDiffusionImagingObjectFactory();

    QmitkNodeDescriptorManager* manager =
        QmitkNodeDescriptorManager::GetInstance();

    QmitkNodeDescriptor* desc = new QmitkNodeDescriptor (
        QObject::tr("DiffusionImage"),
        QString(":/QmitkDiffusionImaging/QBallData24.png"),
        mitk::NodePredicateDataType::New("DiffusionImage"),
        manager );

    manager->AddDescriptor(desc);

    // not shown: other data types
}
```

// directly written in the cpp-file of the ObjectFactory:

```
void RegisterDiffusionImagingObjectFactory()  
{  
    static bool oneDiffusionImagingObjectFactoryRegistered = false;  
    if ( ! oneDiffusionImagingObjectFactoryRegistered ) {  
        MITK_INFO << "Registering DiffusionImagingObjectFactory..." << std::endl;  
        mitk::CoreObjectFactory::GetInstance()  
            ->RegisterExtraFactory(mitk::DiffusionImagingObjectFactory::New());  
        oneDiffusionImagingObjectFactoryRegistered = true;  
    }  
}
```

THANK YOU